THE ORIGIN OF HARBOI IN THE LIGHT OF HISTORY

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OBJECTIVES.

- To Search the word Harboi or Arboi on the pages of history
- To sketch the Harboi area.
- To compare the same word with word Brahui.

ABSTRACT

Few years ago I was think that Harboi is a specific place in castern mountains of Kalat, but after some time it came in my knowle that the eastern range of mountains which is layout from north to so called Harboi range or Brahvic range. The word Harboi is an ancient wand it comes in history as it is. According to many people intellectuals, this is a Persian word, which meaning is every kind personal, but this meaning never satisfied me. I saw and search the antiterature about Balochistan, particularly Greek literature of antitierature about Balochistan, particularly Greek literature of antitierature, and I successfully achieved my aim. The following an covers the above topic.

INTRODUCTION

The Brahvic range or Harboi range of mountains is the big mountainous range of Balochistan with a length of 355 kms and width kms # (Malik Saleh Muhammad Khan Lehri, Balochistan one unit pehlay, weekly Bagh-o-Bahar, Quetta, 1955, page-2). This mountain many peeks, like Mehr dar near Quetta, Maran near Kalat, Khalifat many others. Harboi is a place in this range near Kalat. This is a beaut seenic and Picnic place and is in the control of Ahmad Zai Baloch exfamily of Kalat.

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This is a cool place and not good in winter but in the hot summer it is like a paradise. This range is layout from north (Ziarat District) up to the plains of Lasbela District in the south.

Actually this mountain is a wall between east and west. It has only two entries, one is Bolan Pass, started in the West from Kolpur near Quetta and ended at Rind Ali near Sibi. The second Pass is also very famous in history, called Moola Pass. This mountainous range has many valleys, like Quetta, Mastung, Kalat, Soorab, Khuzdar and many others. Many rivers flow in this range like Bolan River, Moola River and others. This range is also full of forests, many kind expensive bushes, and wild life and grazing areas. It is also full of various kind mineral resources. Many peaks of this range are above them 10,000 feet from sea level, and the valleys of this mountain are full of ancient mounds and other kind wonderful archeological sites, as well as beautiful scene and entertainment places. One of the ancient places of world the Mehrgarh is the honor of this range.

HARBOI OR ARBOI IN HISTORY

Word Harboi or Arboi comes in history for a specific place near Kalat, the ex-capital of Balochistan, or for a mountainous range of central Balochistan who given this name to the mountain? Any body does not know. Every person understands it is a Persian word, which meaning is every kind good smell because of various kind bushes. This mountainous range also called Brahvic range and many British authors like H. Pottinger # (Henery Pottinger, Travel in Sindh and Balochistan Indus Publications, Karachi, 1986, Pp-25-39) Charles Masson, A. W, Huges # (A.W, Huges, Country of Balochistan, Indus Publication, Karachi, 1999, reprint, Pp-5-6) described it in their books. The local people also agree to this meaning of mountain. So, it comes to our knowledge that these mountainous ranges have two names. Harboi and Brahvi, but in my opinion this is not fact and neither a Persian word. Till today any body did not feel the need of research on this topic which is present on the pages of history with different meanings. The first time in history Greek Historians Arian and Strebe used this word for a dynasty, tribes and for their river. According to Arian after the departure of Alexander and his troops from Batala they entered into the Arabai dynasty # (Mc. Crindle. Invasion of India by Alexander the Great, Indus Publications, Karachi, 1986, P-21). According

to him the Greek troops reached near a river which called And (Ibid-Pp 21-22). The Arabai tribes moved to their same name movement after a small fight (Ibid-Pp)

According to Vincent, A. Smith in October 326 B.C Alexandrea Batala and departures his hard and difficult journey. In first place journey he reached near to Arabios River # (V.A. Smith, Ancient Lunde of India, Translated by, Muhammad Jameel-ur-Rehman, Tale Gree Lahore, 2001, Pp-122-26). According to him Alexander the Great country to punish the Oritai tribes of the area, which were still did not accound supremacy of him. So in the beginning of his journey he facet this tribes near the Arabios river. When these tribes listened about the known of Greek troops they left to desert and northern mountains. Because Ballowere not agreed to accept the supremacy of Alexander the Greek Greek want to fight with invaders. # (Ibid Page-126). Alexander and river and started his operation into Oritai area # (Ibid Page-126)

Ariane and Strebo are two thousand years ancient historians' mentioned the name of the tribes and the area in their books and meand they pronouns the name in their own language and skill. No doth the pronunciation is change then local people and their language, we use called the area and tribes Arabai and the river, Arabios. Now, it proring the Arboi or Harboi was in use during the invasion by Greeks, as the the listening of this word by the local inhabitants of the area or near the Greeks write and pronounced it in their own linguistic skill.

Comparison The Word Harboi With The Word Brahui

The inhabitants of the area which discussed by Greek historia the Brahvi tribes from unknown times. May be during Iranic ascharperiod (558. B.C to 331 B.C) when the Baloch dynasty was in the has them, this name has been given by them, but it is not confirm as prove from any source of knowledge. But it has proved that during invasion the area was called Arabai or Arboi because of the inhabitathe area.

Now it creates a question that who were the Arboi or #
people? In my opinion they were Brahvi tribes of the area whose as
inhabitants of this mountainous range and the word Brahvi is the di
shape of Arboi or Harboi.

The Greeks ruled upon the area for a short period and then the furan rulers of India occupied the area after a bloody battle with the neck ruler of the Greek territory Salyokes Nicotar, and the all Baloch racame into the hands of Indians including the area of Araboi tribes.

After a long journey of 1'700 years the area of Harboi became the the control of Qambrani Brahvi family of Baloch nation. After the teck and Indian invasion the area of Balochistan captured by many other thous, like Sasanids of Iran, Barhamans of Sindh, Arabs, Ghaznavids at Mughals, during this all period the name of Harboi was replaced from story, or may be it is in Indian ancient history but this is not in my nowledge, but when the area of Balochistan came under the rule of loch Khanate, then the word Harboi refreshed. And when the British memment moved its forward policy towards Balochistan after the death Naseer Khan the Great, they send many confidential and secret stions towards Balochistan.

The first Britain was Henry Pottinger who entered in Balochistan dintroduced the word Harboi into the British text about Balochistan and in changed it into the Brahvi, which is not correct. Many times British word Brahvi for all the mountainous range of Harboi, which is also not in In my opinion the correct word is Harboi or Arboi which is above in 2000 years ancient name of the area as well as of the tribes.

Now, this is a natural incident that, this name again refreshed in tory by the original inhabitants of the area.

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CONCLUSION:

After all this discussion its come on front of us and income knowledge that now a day word Harboi use for a picnic point at but in very past this word was commonly use for the inhabit Jhalawan cum Lasbela, for their territory and for their river, which my view Porali river. Many other authors and historians also agree name. We have many more arguments to prove it that, the po-Porali's Bank were the inhabitants of Jhalawan (Khuzdar). Accorvery famous archaeologists Ms. Batrice De Cardi, the ruins of Shehr near the Bank of Porali prove it that the people of ! (Khuzdar) were occupied the area of Bela before the birth of 0 (Muhammad Saeed Dehwar, Balochistan Ma Qabal Tank) Publishers, Quetta. Pp-110-113). According Ms. Cardi the surface mound of Huddit Shehr give us information about these peobelong to Londo mound, which is situated near the National Highthe distance of twelve miles in the north of Khuzdar. # (Ibid Pp-III No doubt Londo mound was a big city and stay point situated a ancient trade and military route. It is true and proved that the invaders destroyed the areas which came under their attack. Ma says that the Londo culture alive up to the end of Sasanids of Iran ;

So, in the end of the topic it proves that the word Harboi e is the ancient name of the all area of Jhalawan which was connected south, with the borders of Oritai dynasty (Lasbela). This all dynastinto the hands of Arboi tribes. After a long time this word again as history, and British writers and spies changed it into the word of very cleverly. And also they try to use it against the unification of nation.

Baloch is a nation which based on many tribal confederate unifications like Rinds, Hots, Nahrois, Dehwars, Jams, Saraikies them Harboi confederacy was also the part of Baloch nation from a time.

This topic deeply needed more and wide research work and this topic will create new and blasting theories in the field of history think it can find in the archaeological sites of the area.

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